# THE ELIZABETH-CITY STAR
AND
# North Carolina Eastern Intelligencer.

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**Benjamin Pierson.**

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☞ *No paper discontinued till directions to that effect are given, and arrearages paid but at the option of the Editor.*

☞ *Advertisements of no more length than breadth, neatly inserted three times for a dollar, and twenty-five cent for each continuance; longer ones in the same proportion.*

☞ *Advertisements will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly, unless otherwise marked by the writers.*

☞ *No advertisement will be inserted for less than one dollar.*

☞ *Persons at a distance must accompany their advertisements with the money, or they will not be inserted.*

☞ *Letters addressed to the Editor must be postpaid, or they will not be lifted.*


## A Whisper to a Newly-Married Pair.

A WHISPER TO THE WIFE.

*(Continued.)*

*Chapter VII.*

ON CONDUCT TOWARDS RELATIONS ACQUIRED BY MARRIAGE.

You have now, gentle lady, got among a new set of relatives—your relations-in-law; and a fresh field of duty is opened to you. There is an old observation, that her mother and her daughters-in-law are natural enemies; and, in truth, I must say there is too much reason for the remark. But in this disunion, there are generally, indeed almost always faults on both sides: And why is this?—why need any fault proceed from *you?* Why not *imitate* a character so beautifully drawn from Scripture—the warm-hearted and interesting Ruth? She loved her departed husband, and because she loved *him* his mother was dear to her. Friends, country, kindred, all were given up for the mother of him she loved. What a sweet picture of tenderness and sensibility! I confess I never read the story, without feeling strongly impressed and interested by it; and, in imagination, I see the beautiful Moabitess saying to her mother-in-law, "*Nought but death shall part thee and me.*" If you love your husband, gentle lady, surely you must love the authors of his being, surely you must love the sisters of his youth!

And besides all this, listen for a moment to nature and reason. Your relations-in-law have lost their son and their brother: in truth, gentle lady, they have *lost* him; for when once a man is married, though he may repel the charge with warmth, and even with sincerity, adieu to the home and scenes of his youth! adieu to the father who gave him life!—to the mother who nursed him in her bosom!—to the sisters who loved him in the fondest corner of their hearts! New objects, new connexions, new pursuits, have rivalled and "rent those ancient loves asunder;" and his wife, and very frequently her relatives, now step in, and draw away his love and his attention from all that had hitherto engrossed him. Is it any wonder, then, that relations-in-law should look with a degree of jealousy on the woman who has thus alienated those affections and attentions, which for so many years they were in the exclusive possession of?—A wife perhaps will cry out and say, "Am *I* to blame for all this?—am *I* in any degree in fault? Pity, indeed, my husband did not keep himself single to dangle after his mother and sisters! Pray, is not a man to leave father and mother, and cleave to his *wife?*" Hush, gentle lady, hush! Bear with me for a moment. I mean not to contradict you; I mean not to blame you; nay, I do not even mean to say your husband should have done any thing but exactly what he did do; viz. *marry you.* All I ask is, an effort to make yourself an exception to the coldness, the satire, the ill-nature, which too generally characterizes a daughter-in-law or sister-in-law. All I ask is, (and I am sure a compliance is not difficult,) that you will, by kindness and affection, give your husband's family reason to rejoice in the day that he first introduced you amongst them.

And pray, gentle lady, let your manners to your sisters-in-law be particularly kind and considerate. You are made a happy wife at their expense, at their loss—the loss of a beloved brother. Enter into their feelings, endeavor to gain their confidence; your matronly experience qualifies you to be their adviser as well as friend. Do all you can to make them appear to advantage, and to forward their advancement through life. As a married woman, *much* lies in your power. Should there be a favorite swain approved of by father, mother, and prudence on all sides, remember your own feeling on a similar occasion, and take every opportunity to promote the union. Married women are sometimes extremely apt to forget girlish pursuits, hopes, and wishes, and to speak satirically of the very manner which perhaps before marriage they had themselves been remarkable for. Avoid such inconsistency, and give your sisters in-law reason to say, "No: we have not lost our brother;—far from it; we have gained a sweet sister and friend!"

*Chapter VIII.*

ON THE TREATMENT OF SERVANTS.

"Next to your children," says an admired writer, "your servants are your nearest dependants: and to promote their good, spiritually as well as temporally, is your indispensable duty. Let them always join your family devotions, and endeavor to make them spend their Sabbath properly."

I have heard an old domestic remark, the worst mistresses a servant ever lived with were young married women. "They are unreasonable," said she, "in their commands: they expect too much; nor do they know rightly when to command or when to blame."

In your manner to your servants be firm without being severe, and kind without being familiar. Never be in the habit of conversing with them, unless on business, or on some point connected with their improvement. But, with this reserve and distance of manner, be particularly careful to maintain kindness, gentleness, and respect for their feelings. Their patience is often unnecessarily exercised, and their temper wantonly irritated. "I have been sometimes shocked," says Mrs. Chapone, "with the want of politeness by which masters and mistresses provoke impertinence from their servants." I remember seeing a lady, who filled every station of life with honor both to her head & her heart, attending the dying bed of an old domestic who had lived for thirty years in her service—"How do you find yourself to-day, Mary?" said her mistress, taking hold of the withered hand which was held out. "Is that you, my darling mistress?" and a beam of joy overspread the old woman's face. "O yes!" she added, looking up, "it is you, my kind, my *mannerly* mistress!" The poor old creature said no more; but in my mind she had by this last simple word, expressed volumes of panegyric on her amiable mistress.

Let your commands to your servants be consistent and reasonable; and then firmly, but mildly, insist on obedience to them. I really think that common complaint: "My servants never remember what I tell them to do," might, in a great degree, be obviated. Let them see that you are particular, and that you will not pass over any neglect of orders; and when they find that this decisive manner is accompanied by mildness, kindness, and consideration, and that you are not to be disobliged with impunity, they will soon take care to remember what you command them to do. A little effort very easily remedies a bad memory.

"Never keep a servant, however excellent they may be in their station, whom you know to be guilty of immorality."

When a servant is sick, be particularly kind and considerate to them. The poor *dependant* creature has no where else to go, no one else to turn to: and their pale looks should be always a claim on your sympathy.

It is very disheartening to a poor servant, to be continually found fault with. Praise and reward them when you can; human nature will not bear constant chiding.

*(To be continued.)*

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**MR. JEFFERSON.**—A large public meeting was held in New-York at 12 o'clock on Monday, on the call of the Mayor, to take measures for the relief from debt of Mr. Jefferson's estate. The Mayor was called to the chair, and Jonathan Thompson was appointed Secretary. After a very appropriate address from the chair, says the N. Y. American, explanatory of the objects of the meeting, the Recorder offered a series of resolutions, which he prefaced with a short and animated speech, expressive of the high sense of the country of the revolutionary services of the author of the Declaration of Independence, and of his long public career, and concluding with a recommendation that a committee of 24 be named to receive subscription, &c. These resolutions prevailed unanimously, and two gentlemen were appointed for each ward.

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## 19th Congress...1st Session.

*From the National Journal.*

MONDAY, May 1.—The Senate did not sit on Saturday.

The House of Representatives was principally engaged in passing bills thro' Committee of the whole. A message from the President was received, conveying a copy of the opinion of the Attorney General, (called for on motion of Mr. *Floyd*, of Virginia,) as to the right of a foreign minister to the grant granted to him by the Executive, notwithstanding it may have been reduced in amount by a subsequent vote of Congress. A communication was received from the Secretary of War, transmitting the report of Captain A. W. [illegible] engineer recently employed in exploring the country, and running levels between Deep Creek and Castleman's Summit, on the contemplated route of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. Two bills, one for a subscription to stock in the Louisville and Portland Canal Company stock, to the amount of 1000 shares of $100 each, and the other granting seven and three-quarters townships of lands towards the construction of a canal through the State of Illinois, are still before the Committee of the whole, and the discussion of them may probably be resumed to-day, unless a preference should be given to the bill to provide for the surviving officers of the army of the Revolution, and that should occupy the House during the day.

*TUESDAY*, May 2.—In the Senate yesterday, bills for the relief of Mack and Conant, and for extending the time for locating Virginia Military Land Warrants, were passed and sent to the House of Representatives. A resolution was submitted by Mr. *Harrison*, Chairman of the Military Committee, instructing that Committee to inquire into the state of the public works at Old Point Comfort and a bill was introduced by Mr. *Rowan*, to limit and restrain the jurisdiction of the Courts of the United States in certain cases. A bill was also introduced by Mr. *Benton*, to aid certain Indians of the Creek nation in their removal to the west of the Mississippi—Mr. *Hayne*, the Chairman of the Select Committee on the subject of the establishment of an uniform system of Bankruptcy, delivered his sentiments in support of that bill, until the usual hour of adjournment.

In the House of Representatives yesterday, the Bill to provide for the surviving officers of the revolutionary army was again under consideration, and again the House adjourned without coming to any decision on the Bill. Annexed to our report of the proceedings will be found a copy of the Bill in its amended state as it stood at the close of yesterday's proceedings. A motion was made to lay the bill on the table, but this motion was negatived by a vote of nearly two to one, the Ayes and Noes being called. Several private bills which passed through Committee on Saturday, were yesterday read a third time and passed. A Bill was reported by Mr. *M'Lane*, from the Committee on Ways and Means, making appropriation for mileage, &c. of Senators and members of Congress; and another bill from the same Committee was reported by Mr. *Dwight*, providing for additional clerks in some of the public offices.

*WEDNESDAY*, May 3.—In the Senate yesterday, bills for the relief of W. and J. Montgomery, for the relief of Walker K. Armistead, and for the regulation of the salaries of certain officers in the Indian Department, were passed to a third reading. About two hours were passed in secret session, and the remainder of the day was occupied in the consideration of the Panama appropriation Bills together with the amendment offered by Mr. *Berrien*. Mr. *Berrien* and Mr. *Randolph* spoke in favor of the amendment, and Mr. *Holmes* against it, when the question was taken on it, and it was rejected. Ayes 19—Nays 24. The bill was then ordered to be engrossed for its third reading.

In the House of Representatives yesterday, the Bill to provide for the surviving officers of army of the revolution was, after an unsuccessful motion to lay it on the table, committed with instructions, on motion of Mr. *Estill*, of Virginia. The bill may be considered as lost, at least for the present session. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Louisville and Portland Canal, and the Illinois Canal bills. The former was subsequently ordered to a third reading to day, and the other was recommitted.

*THURSDAY*, May 4.—In the Senate yesterday, the bills to dispose of certain pieces of ground in the city of St. Louis; to authorize the payment of interest due to the city of Baltimore; for the purchase of a site for an arsenal at St. Louis; and to grant certain grounds in the city of Detroit to the corporation of that city, were passed to a third reading. The bill making appropriation for the Panama Mission, was passed by a vote of 25 to 19. The amendment to the Judiciary Bill was adhered to by a vote of 29 to 12. The discussion on the Bankrupt Bill was resumed, and Mr. *Randolph* occupied the floor till the hour of adjournment.

In the House of Representatives, yesterday, the bill appropriating $100,000 to compensate Susan Decatur, widow of Captain S. Decatur, and others, the representatives of those officers who were concerned in the cutting-out of the frigate Philadelphia, at Tripoli, was discussed in Committee of the whole; and after being reported to the House, was laid on the table. Several other private bills, were subsequently taken up and passed through committee, and ordered for a third reading to-day. Mr. *Strong*, of New-York, made an effort, in pursuance of notice he gave last week, to call up a bill relative to school lands in the different States, but the motion was not sustained, not owing to any hostility to the bill itself, but to the lateness of the session, the necessity of going through the bills in the order in which they have been reported by the select committee, and the fact that this bill involves new principles, which might possibly lead to a discussion.

*FRIDAY*, May 5.—In the Senate, Mr. *Benton*, from the Select Committee to which was referred the resolution offered by Mr. *Macon*, to reduce the patronage of the Executive Department of the Government, yesterday made a report, accompanied by six bills for that purpose.—The bills relate to the selection of papers to publish the laws, to the collection and faithful disbursement of public money, to the appointment of Post-masters, the appointment of Cadets and Midshipmen, and to the power of the President to dismiss at pleasure the Military and Naval Officers from service. The discussion on the Bankrupt bill was renewed by Mr. *Ferrim*, of Geo. and Mr. *Hayne*, in favor of the bill, and Mr. *Randolph* against it. The bill was finally laid on the table on motion by Mr. *Hayne*, from a belief that the short period of the session would not admit of its being now considered with the attention the subject demanded, and Mr. H. gave notice that he would call it up at an early period of the next session, in the full confidence that the Senate would then give it its sanction in time to ensure its passage through the House of Representatives.

In the House of Representatives, yesterday, a report was made by the Naval Committee, on the subject of the removal to this country of the remains of Captain Oliver H. Perry, stating that it is unnecessary to make any legislative provisions on the subject. Mr. *Peter*, of Maryland, offered a resolution on the subject, and commenced some observations, but was pronounced out of order. He then moved to consider the report, but the motion was not sustained.—Several private bills passed through Committee of the Whole, and were ordered to be read a third time to-day. Among the bills which were passed yesterday, was a bill to amend the several acts providing for a Territorial Government in Florida.

*SATURDAY*, May 6.—In the Senate, bills, for the relief of Clark M'Pherrin; for the relief of Noah Noble, & to aid certain Creek Indians, in their removal beyond the Mississippi, were yesterday passed and sent to the House of Representatives.

In the House of Representatives, yesterday, there was a long discussion on the bill providing for the relinquishment of certain lands sold by the United States in Ohio, which, with the routine business, occupied the whole day. It appears from a resolution introduced by Mr. *Stewart* of Pennsylvania, as a report from the Committee on Roads and Canals, that no report will be made before the termination of the session in relation to the Chesapeak and Ohio Canal. The report will be completed during the next month: the object of the resolution, which was not finally acted upon, is to authorize the Secretary of War to have the report printed during the recess of Congress, and to transmit it to the members, in order that it may be examined previous to the next session, when it is proposed to act upon it.

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The bill to provide for the surviving officers of the army of the revolution will probably be again taken up to-day in the House of Representatives. Justice and humanity appear to us to call loudly for the passage of this bill. Public opinion, which all legislators profess to obey, unanimously demands it. We owe it to ourselves to discharge this moral and pecuniary obligation, lest posterity should cast upon us the imputation of ingratitude to our best benefactors. We believe that opposition to the principle of obligation on which the bill is founded, is confined to a small minority: the difference which have arisen have reference to the extent to which the relief should be carried. It seems to us that the Committee acted judiciously in reporting this bill on the ground of a violated contract between the government and the officers of the Revolution. In this view the bill provides simply for the discharge of a legal debt of long standing. Should the House desire to extend the provisions of the bill to all the surviving soldiers of the revolution, we presume the Committee who reported the bill will cheerfully acquiesce in a measure which they did not feel themselves justified in originating. In some shape or other, we hope it will this day be ordered to a third reading.—[*Nat. Jour.*

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*Extract of a letter dated*

HAVANA, 26th April, 1826.

*Gentlemen*—Since my last, the only thing new is the arrival of a Spanish ship of war, the Saffino, from Cadiz and Cuba, having on board three Brigadier Generals for this garrison, which at present is very large; much to the astonishment of every enlightened person here, one of them is a black man, who rendered essential services in Peru, but the Captain General, no doubt, will not permit him to take the command of a brigade, even of the black troops here; it is even whispered he will be sent back. The Spanish squadron, consisting of the Guerrero 74, and five very large frigates were, according to last accounts, at St. Jago de Cuba, they are under the orders of Admiral Laborde, and it is rumoured they are destined for the Main, "which if so," will be declared in a state of blockade.

As to our internal situation, all is quiet, and since the late communication of your President on the subject of the Panama Congress, (*as regards the Islands of Porto Rico and Cuba*) has been received, public confidence has entirely been restored and no dread is entertained of an invasion—at the same time, Gen. Vives is actively employed in placing every department upon the most efficient footing. The amount of troops at present in the whole Island may be calculated at 25,000 men.

We have a frigate and 2 brigs of war in the harbor, which with the squadron, at Cuba, composes the Spanish naval force in those seas.

It requires a large sum to maintain so very large a force, and I am of opinion, the Intendant will have to lay on heavier taxes, which will be very impolitic, as the people of this country, like all others, are not very great friends to high taxation.

# Elizabeth-City:

## Saturday, May 13, 1826


It is a source of mortification to us to be compelled to present our readers this week with a half sheet. The limited force we have at present to carry on this establishment, (there being only two,) and the duties of editor, proof reader, compositor and pressman devolving on one of them, together with the indisposition of the other during the week, and the impossibility of obtaining workmen here, will, we believe be a satisfactory excuse. We hope the like will not occur again.

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We would refer those who are in the habit of visiting the city of New-York on business, or for pleasure, to the advertisement of Mr. Wm. Albertson in this day's paper. It is a sufficient recommendation to insure him a liberal share of public patronage, to say that Mr. A. was for many years the proprietor of the well known extensive establishment in this place, the City Hotel; a house celebrated for its excellent accommodations, and the hospitable treatment which the weary traveller found within its peaceful walls.

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*Fate of the Bankrupt Bill.*—In the Senate on Thursday the 4th inst. the Bankrupt Bill, which had been taken up a few days previous for consideration, was, by the consent of its friends, laid on the table, with the understanding that it would not be called up again during the present session.

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The keel for a schooner of about 60 or 80 tons was lately laid at the ship yard of our enterprising citizen Mr. Alpheus Fowes, jun. A large brig is also on the stocks at the same place, which will be ready to launch in the course of a few weeks.

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Divine service will be performed in the Academy by the Rev. Mr. WILEY, to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

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**The Rev. MARTIN ROSS,** WM. J. NEWBERN and WM. H. JORDAN will preach at the Baptist Meeting-House in this place, on Thursday, the 18th of May at 3 o'clock.

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The annual meeting of the *Pasquotank County Auxiliary Colonization Society* was held in the Court-House in this place on Monday the 8th inst. when the following members were unanimously re-elected the officers thereof, for the ensuing year:

ISAAC OVERMAN, President.
ENOCH SAWYER, 1st } Vice-Pres'ts
WM. MARTIN, 2d. }
JOHN C. EHRINGHAUS, Secretary.
BENJ. SUTTON, Treasurer.

*Thos. L. Shannonhouse, Chs. Grice, William Gregory, Caleb White, Exum Newby* and *Benj. Pritchard* were elected managers.

On motion of J. C. Ehringhaus, it was *Resolved*, that whatever ballance may be in the hands of the Treasurer, be paid over to the Secretary, and by him remitted to the Treasurer of the parent Society.

A resolution was also adopted appointing a Committee, to draft a memorial to our next General Assembly, soliciting the aid and assistance of this State in behalf of the Society.

J. C. EHRINGHAUS, *Sec'ry.*

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## Camden Bible Society.

*To the President, Directors and Officers of the Camden Bible Society.*

GENTLEMEN—

Several years ago there was a society constituted, of which you were appointed the officers, called the Camden Bible Society—Its operations were commenced under the most favorable circumstances, and bid fair to distribute the word of God to many who are now perishing for lack of knowledge.—But for several years there has been no meeting of the Society, and the zeal once manifested in its cause (for the distribution of the scriptures) seems to have abated.

The cause of this declension may be attributed to the want of more vigorous exertions on the part of its members, directors and officers.

But because the zeal, once manifested here has waxed cold, shall we give over the *bible cause*? Shall we sit down contented, while thousands are dying without the word of God? Shall we disregard the awful responsibility committed to us, in the formation of that society? Or shall we arise with renewed energy, to devote more vigorous exertions to the prosperity of the Society? Many, very many among us are still destitute of the word of God—and if you will make diligent examination in your neighborhoods, you will find some families destitute, and many very large ones with only one copy of the word of God! and yet we call this the land of Bibles! I am confident that many bibles can be disposed of annually in my county, and I believe the field of usefulness is not less extensive in others. Let us then endeavor to give energy to the exertions of the society. This is emphatically the era of benevolent enterprize, and shall we be the last to contribute our aid to so glorious a cause? Can no exertions revive our society? Shall the benevolent contributions of those who are willing to aid us in this cause be disregarded? I hope not.—Let us then call a meeting of the society, and endeavor to devise some plan, to give more energy to our proceedings, and to extend the field of our usefulness. The cause is that of God, and if we do our duty, we may confidently expect the blessing of God upon our exertions.

Perhaps it may be difficult for us to call a meeting that will be well attended, after so long an interval from our last meeting. To prevent this, I would respectfully suggest that it should be appointed at Shiloh Meeting-house, in Camden County, on Monday the 22d of May, being the last day of the Association appointed to meet at that place.—The meeting of the Bible Society will not in the least interfere with the business of the association, as their business is always completed prior to the last day—and the great concourse of people present, will afford a fine opportunity to re-organize the Society.

*A Friend to Bible Societies.*

April 30th, 1826.

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The Members of the Camden Bible Society are requested to attend at Shiloh Meeting-house on Monday the 22d of May, for the transaction of such business as may come before them.

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## Weekly Summary.

"Captain Savin of the schr. Amelia, 9 days from Havana, arrived at Philadelphia, states that a French brig from Vera Cruz, arrived at Havana on the afternoon of the 24th ult. reported that the Custom House at Vera Cruz had been destroyed by fire, with property to the amount of two millions of dollars; this news is also confirmed by private letters from Havana."

We have understood (says the National Joutnal that Mr. KING, in consequence of his ill health, has determined to resign his mission to England, and to ask leave to return to the United States. We have also understood that his request has been acceded to, and that he is expected to take his departure from England during the next month.

Among the wonders of the west may now be reckoned a child born with teeth, as stated in a western paper. They appear natural except the eye-teeth, which project like the tushes of a hog.

It is reported that Capt. Porter is about purchasing the elegant steam boat *Washington*, to ply between Bath and Boston.

*Boring for water.*—Mr. Bostwick's workmen, in New Jersey, have gone to the depth of 250 feet; struck a vein of water, which rises a foot above the ground, discharging two gallons of water a minute.

We are pleased to learn that Mr. J. Furman of this city, whose wife and we believe child were destroyed by the explosion of the Etna steam boat two years since, and whose affairs since, we are told, have not been prosperous, has drawn two prizes in the lottery recently drawn at Washington; one of 1000 dollars, the other of 25,000.—[*American.*

An aged Bramin has lately been discovered, whose age is proved by the Villagers to be between 130 and 140 years, and his son, a hale young fellow, of 80 years old, resides with him.

The salaries of the British Ambassadors and Consuls amounts to half a million sterling per annum. In the items of contingencies of this department in 1825, are £12,000 for repairs of the English ambassador's house at Paris, and £10,000 paid for a diamond sword presented to the Duke of Northumberland, as a token of respect and esteem for his mission to congratulate the king of France on his accession.

The New-York papers state that Mr. RANDOLPH has taken his passage to Liverpool in the packet ship York, which sails on Monday next. In his speech yesterday, he stated that he should leave the city to-day, provided the Bankrupt bill should be disposed of; otherwise he should remain until some disposition could be made of that bill.

[*Nat. Jour. of Friday.*

*Mexican Adventure.*—Mr. William B. Jaques, of New-York, who has, for a number of years had the agency of some of the most important mail and stage coach lines to and from New-York, is on the point of sailing for Vera Cruz, with an equipment of horses, coaches and servants, to establish a regular and prompt mail communication between the city of Mexico and Vera Cruz.

The Editor of the National Gazette says, he has before him, letters from Rio Janeiro, written by intelligent observers, and dated at the end of January, in which the situation of Don Pedro is represented as very precarious. It was not doubted that the appearance of Bolivar would produce an immediate subversion of the imperial government.

*Eyes.*—Dr. Franklin observed, The eyes of other people are the eyes that ruin us. If all but myself were blind, I should want neither fine clothes, fine houses, nor fine furniture.

It is understood that the nomination of *James Cooley*, of Ohio, to be Charge des Affaires to Peru, and that of *John James Appleton*, to be Charge des Affaires to Sweden, were yesterday confirmed by the Senate. The nomination of *J. F. Hapstramck*, to be Indian Agent to the Osage Indians, was also confirmed yesterday.—[*Nat. Int.*

GRAND CONSOLODATED LOTTERY, *drawn in Washington, 26th April.*—The $60,000 prize was devided into eighths, and sold in N. York; the $40,000 in Boston, whole ticket; $25,000 and $20,000 in Louisiana; $15,000 to a club of gentlemen in Philadelphia; the $10,000 we know nothing of, except that it is not on hand unsold; 6 of $1000 and 19 of $500, sold by YATES & M'INTYRE, Washington.—[*Norfolk Herald.*

We learn from Halifax, that the Superiour Court for that County held last week the trial of *Henry Potter*, indicted for murder came on, and after a patient investigation, the jury returned immediately a verdict of acquital.—[*Raleigh Register.*

*State of the Atmosphere for the week past.*

| | 8 A M. | 12 NOON. | 4 P M. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Saturday,* | 64 | 74 | 80 |
| *Monday,* | 68 | 80 | 85 |
| *Tuesday,* | 80 | 83 | 84 |
| *Wednesday,* | 65 | 70 | 72 |
| *Thursday,* | 62 | 70 | 70 |
| *Friday,* | 58 | 67 | 71 |

## Marine News.

PORT OF ELIZABETH-CITY.

*ARRIVED.*

7th, Schr. Sally, Hathaway, from Martinique, in ballast.

8th, Schr. Willow, Stevens, from Gaudaloupe, with molasses to A. Fobes, jun.

11th, Sloop Daniel Smith, from Baltimore, via the Dismal Swamp Canal, with whiskey to A. Williams.

*CLEARED.*

12th, Schr. Rainbow, Gillett, for Jamaica, with staves and shingles by Wm. Messinger.

To clear to day, schr. William & Frederick, Gilbert, for W. Indies, with staves by H. N. Williams.

On Monday next, schr. Willow, Stevens, for Boston, with molasses and staves by A. Fobes, jun.

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## Southern Boarding House IN NEW-YORK.

**WILLIAM ALBERTSON**

Formerly of the City Hotel, Elizabeth-City, N. C. having removed to the city of New-York, has taken that commodious boarding house No. 65, Barclay-street, known by the name of the MONTGOMERY HOUSE, recently occupied by Mrs. Godwin, intends continuing it as a BOARDING HOUSE for the accommodation of transient as well as yearly boarders.

Barclay-street, on which the Montgomery House is situated, (four doors above Greenwich-st.) leaves Broad Way opposite the Park; it is wide and airy, and not more than ten minutes walk from Pearl or Wall-sts. and for pleasantness of situation as a cool, healthy summer residence is not perhaps excelled by any in the city—where families and others desirous of spending a few weeks or months can be accommodated.

The proprietor having an extensive acquaintance at the South, and being desirous to gratify the appetites of all, has determined to blend (in furnishing his table) some of the customs of the *South* with those of the *North*; conscious that by adopting this plan he will be enabled to give general satisfaction—he solicits public patronage from all quarters.

*May* 13, 1826.

☞ The Editors of the Raleigh Register and Edenton Gazette are requested to insert the above once a week, two months, and forward their accounts to this office for settlement.

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## Sperm Oil,

And CLARET WINE in bottles and on draught just received and for sale by

*W.M. D. GORDAN, Agent.*

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## Books and Stationary

**5000** Receipts—Life of R. H. Lee, in 2 vols.

Life of La Fayette—Gourgaud's Napoleon—Jefferson's Notes on Virginia—Marriage, by the author of Inheritance—Tales of the Crusaders—Napoleon's Expedition to Russia—Burns' Works, complete—Lights and Shaddows of Scottish Life—Milton's Works—Cook's Voyages—Pope's Works—Wreath—Self Knowlede—Reid on the Mind—Decision—Mason's Monitor—Pocket Testament, neatly bound—Domestic Cookery—Pocket Bible—Mason's Farrier—Watts' Hymns—Blank Books—Infantry Exercise—Playing Cards, of the first quality—and a variety of small Histories and Pamphlets.

*SCHOOL BOOKS.*

Goldsmith's History of Rome—Do. History of Greece—Murray's Grammar—Do. English Reader—Do. Introduction—Morse's Geography—Testaments—Looking Glass—Dictionaries—Scott's Lessons—Arithmetics—Copy Books—Chronology—Table Books—Slates—Pencils of various kinds—Sand Boxes—Primers of all kinds—Writing Paper—Ink—Quills, &c.

*W.M. D. GORDAN, Agent.*
*Elizabeth-City, May* 13.

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## DRS. CAMPOS & DAVIS

Respectfully tender their services to the inhabitants of Elizabeth-City, & the surrounding country, in the various branches of their profession.—They may be consulted at their Store, opposite the Post Office; where they will constantly keep on hand a general and complete assortment of

**Drugs and Medicines.**

*Elizabeth-City, May* 13. *Tf.*

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## AUCTION.

Will be sold at public auction before the Eagle Tavern in E. City at 12 o'clock on Saturday the 27th inst. a valuable bay Horse, only seven years old, well broke to the Gig.—He is sold for no other reason than that the owner intends to leave the State in a few days after the sale.

There will also be offered for sale at the same time, a Single Gig and Harness, and perhaps some other articles, unless previously disposed of at private sale. Six months credit will be given the purchasers by giving their notes with approved security to

**Isaac Folsom.**

*Elizabeth-City, May* 13. *Bt*


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## State of North-Carolina,

Pasquotank County.

*Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, March Term,* 1826.

Caleb White, Admr. de bonis non, vs. William Overman. } ATTACHMENT.

In this case it appearing to the court that the Defendant is not a resident of this State, it is ordered by the court that publication be made in the Elizabeth-City Star two months that unless the said William Overman appear and plead to issue at the next term of the worshipful court to be holden for said county on the first Monday in June next, that judgment will be taken against him by default.

**Charles Grice, Clk.**

*Elizabeth-City, March* 25. *Nt*

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## State of North-Carolina.

Thomas Gordan vs. Isaac L. Wilroy. } Camden county Court February Term, 1826.

ORIGINAL ATTACHMENT,

*"Levied on the Lands of Isaac L. Wilroy, &c."*

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Isaac L. Wilroy the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this State, *It is therefore ordered*, that the said Isaac L. Wilroy have notice in the Elizabeth-City Star that unless he appear at the next Term of the said Court to be held for the County of Camden, at the Court House in Camden on the 7th Monday after the 4th Monday of March next, and plead to said attachment final judgment will be entered up against him.

*Teste,*

**M. S. Lewis, Clk.**

*February* 25. *Nt*

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## MASONIC.

Eastern Lodge meets every first Monday night in Elizabeth City.

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## NEW STORE.

**EZEKIAH LOCKWOOD**

Respectfully informs the inhabitants of Elizabeth-City and its vicinity that he has opened a store in the house formerly occupied by Andrew L. Cox, next door to H. N. Williams—and has he has just received his assortment of Spring Goods, consisting of

**Dry Goods, Groceries, Shoes, Crockery & Glass Ware,**

which he offers for sale cheap for cash or produce in advance.

*Elizabeth-City, May* 6. *Tf.*

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## TRUST SALE.

By virtue of a deed in Trust executed by Myles Elliott, sen. for certain purposes therein declared, I shall offer for sale for cash, in the town of Hertford, on Wednesday the 31st of May next, that well improved lot No. 80, at present in the occupancy of Mr. Richard Wyatt—and on Monday the 5th of June next, before Mr. James Relfe's tavern in Elizabeth-City, I shall offer for sale for cash, all the interest that the said Elliott has to nine negroes (to wit:) Rachel and her eight children in possession of Mr. Solomon Pool, sen. of Pasquotank county

**Alfred Moore, *Trustee.***

*Hertford, 29 April,* 1826.

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*JUST RECEIVED and For Sale.*

**5000** lbs. old Jamaica Sugar, 15000 lbs. green Coffee, and a few hundred galls. old Jamaica Rum, which will be sold cheap for *cash.*

**Lem'l C. Moore.**

*Elizabeth-City, April* 22. *Tf*

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## FLOUR, PORK, &c.

Family, Superfine, Fine and Middlings } FLOUR.

Mess, Prime and Cargo } PORK.

Rum, Whiskey, Apple Brandy, Coffee, Molasses, N. Orleans Sugar and a general assortment of *Dry Goods* and *Groceries*, to be sold very low for ready payment by

**Mathew Cluff.**

*Elizabeth-City, April* 22

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## JUST RECEIVED

*Per Schr. Cranberry from St. Martins*

**21** Hogsheads prime Molasses, 1000 lbs. Sugar

*For sale by*

**A. Fobes, jun.**

*April* 15.

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## Copartnership Dissolved.

THE firm of *Lemuel C. Moore & Co.* has been by mutual consent dissolved—It is therefore necessary that all accounts due them previous to the 1st day of April, should be closed forthwith, and all to whom they are indebted, will present their claims to L. C. *Moore* for settlement.

Lemuel C. Moore.
Alfred Moore.

*Elizabeth-City, April* 22. *Tf*

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## THE SUBSCRIBER

*Has received and for sale*

**39** Puncheons retailing molasses,
10 bbls. of family Shads,
10 do. do. cut Herrings,
10 do. Tar,
5 do. Rosin,
3 do. Spirits Turpentine.

*A. FOBES, jun.*

*April* 7.

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## JUST RECEIVED.

**10** casks Nova Scotia Potatoes,
N. England Rum in barrels,
10 cases of Hats, and
600 pounds of Cheese,

*For sale by A FOBES. Jun'r.*

*April* 29.

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## An Apprentice Wanted.

An industrious, well disposed lad of a respectable family, from 14 to 16 years age, will be taken as an apprentice to the printing business. Immediate application be made at this Office. It is necessary that he should read well, and write a fair hand. Strict attention will be paid to his morals.

*April* 15.

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*Bills of Lading and Shipping Articles for sale at this Office.*